


$3 \mathcal{D}$ printing technology aims students understanding maths and recycling procedure

O2_3rd Curricula of Maths: Stereometry
2D shapes

## Outline

- Playing with Shapes
- 2D shapes
- Videos


## Let's play with 2D shapes

- Use the following link
https://apps.mathlearningcenter.org/pattern-shapes/
- Kids drag and drop shapes in the grid surface


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IKY

## Let's play with 2D shapes



## Let's play with 2D shapes

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Use this link
https://www.abcya.com/games/ tangrams


## Design 2D shapes in a geoboard 6-10

- https://apps.mathlearningcenter.org/geoboard/



## Design 2D shapes in a geoboard 11-14

- https://tovtheater.com/geoboard/
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## 2D Shapes

Pupils 6-8


## Square

$90^{\circ}$


## Square

- 4 sides equal
- 4 right angles
- Diagonals equal and vertical

- 2 opposite sides equal
- 4 right angles equal
- Perpendiculars of its sides are axes of symmetry
- Diagonals are equal and bisected



## 2D Shapes

Pupils 6-8


Parallelogram


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## Parallelogram

- 2 pairs of opposite sides equal in length and parallel
- 2 pairs of opposite angles equal
- Adjacent angles are supplementary (180 ${ }^{\circ}$ )
- Diagonals are bisected (each passes through the middle of the other)
- The point of intersection of diagonals is the center of symmetry


## Rumpus

- All sides are equal
- 2 pairs of opposite sides are parallel
- 2 opposite angles equal
- Diagonals are axes of symmetry
- Diagonals are vertical and bisected
- Diagonals are bisectors of its angles



## 2D Shapes

Pupils 8-11 and Pupils 11-14 (each teacher chooses)


## 2D Shapes

The distance between parallel sides is called "height"


- Non parallel sides are called bases
- Line passes through the middle of the bases is an axis of symmetry and perpendicular to its bases
- Angles adjacent to each bases are equal

- Angles adjacent to one of the non parallels sides are right


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## 2D Shapes

Pupils 6-8 Semi-cycle
Circle



Oval- Ellipsis


2D Shapes
Polygons Pupils 6-8

Pupils 8-11 and Pupils 11-14 (each teacher chooses Polygons

- A polygon, which has $n$ vertices is called $n$ - vertice
- A polygon which all sides equal and all angles equal is called normal

Hexagon


Pentagon


## Video



- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4tISK2a05EQ
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZzomlgPtVOc
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mitkoPuvj2U

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